

Anglian Recycling PAS402 Annual Report 2026

1st April 2025 – 31st March 2026



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Managers Forward

Anglian Recycling forms part of the wider Anglian group of companies, established in 2007 as a demolition and asbestos services provider. Over the past 17 years the organisation has expanded significantly and now provides a range of integrated services including demolition, asbestos removal, scaffolding, earthworks, remediation and waste recycling.

The development of the Anglian Recycling facility has enabled the business to manage materials generated through both internal operations and external clients in a responsible and sustainable manner. By processing materials in-house, the company maximises the recovery of recyclable materials from construction and demolition activities and minimise the quantity of waste requiring disposal.

The implementation of the PAS 402 Resource Management System demonstrates Anglian Recycling's commitment to resource efficiency, regulatory compliance and continual improvement. This report summarises the organisation's operational scope, environmental considerations, management systems and performance during the reporting period.

1. Baseline Scope of Operations

1.1 Physical Boundaries

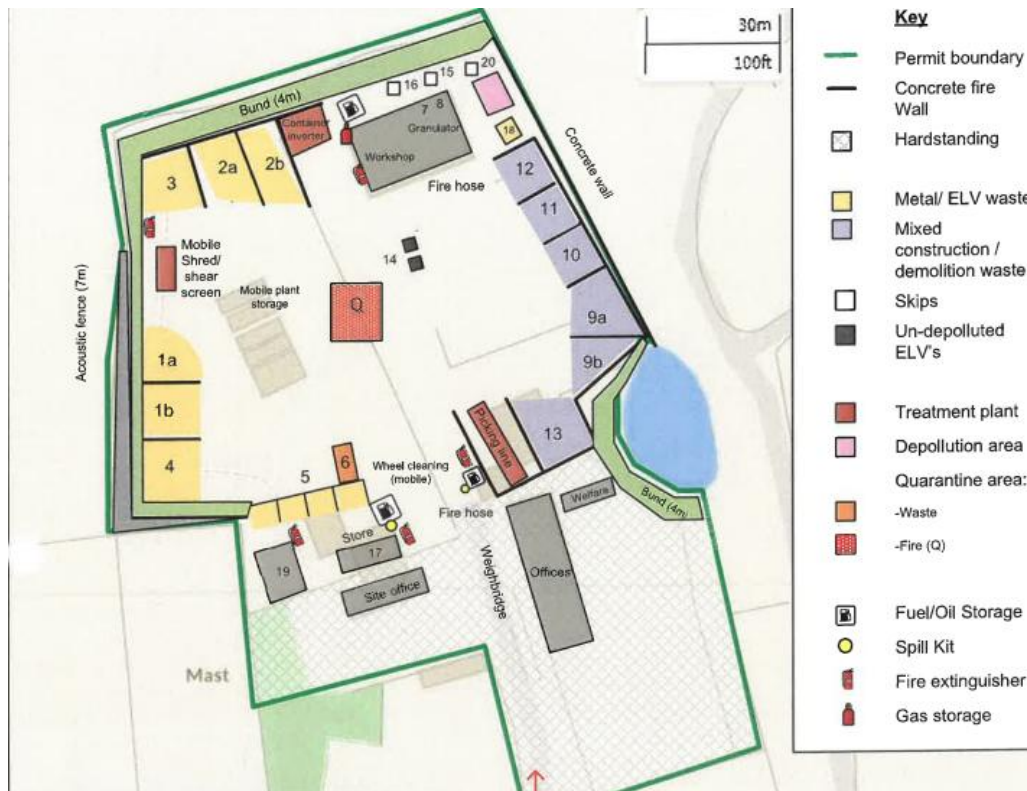
Location

Anglian Recycling is located within a small industrial estate in a wider agricultural setting which is accessed directly from West Carr Road. The A11 Attleborough bypass is located approximately 150m to the east of the Site. Residential dwellings of the town of Attleborough are located approximately 250m east of the Site. This site contains the whole operation and is subject to Planning Ref. No FUL/2020/0043. Anglian Recycling is not responsible for any activities at any other site.

The Site extends to approximately 2.8ha. The area covered by the Environmental Permit is shown on the Permit Boundary Plan. It was previously subject to agricultural activities, a scrapyards, vehicle dismantling facility and a haulage yard. There is an extremely low risk of flooding from rivers, seas or surface water.

The Site is not located within a Groundwater Source Protection Zone and is located on a Principal Designated Bedrock Aquifer. The northern area of the Site is located on a Secondary Designated Superficial Deposit Aquifer. The southern area of the Site is located on a Secondary (undifferentiated) Designated Superficial Deposit Aquifer.

Map of site



1.2 Description of Business Activities

The Site will receive the types of waste stated on our waste permit EPR/FB3303UN (attached at Annex 1) at the weighbridge, where it will be given the correct product group and EWC code. This will arrive by Anglian own fleet, from companies and individuals in their own vehicles and from Anglian Demolition. If the waste is accepted, it is transferred to the operational area. If it is rejected, it is returned to the person (s) who brought it in. Our maximum allowed treatment of waste is 152,000 tonnes a year. This equates to 75,000 tonnes of metal, 75,000 tonnes of construction and Demolition waste and 2000 tonnes of ELVs.

Waste is Sorted, Shredded, Separated and Stored in bays ready to be sent offsite for further recycling or end use. This waste will likely include materials such as Construction and Demolition Waste, Metal, Wood, Plasterboard, Cardboard, Bulky Waste and POPs.

Brick Rubble is crushed and segregated and taken out of the waste stream conforming to WRAP Protocol 6F5 recycled aggregate, to be sold back to the construction industry.

Waste Streams in	EWC Code	Waste Out	EWC Code
Mixed Construction	17 09 04	F1 & 2 Ferrous	19 12 02
Mixed Ferrous Metals	19 12 02	Sorted non-ferrous	19 10 02
Mixed Non-Ferrous Metals	19 10 02	Oversize Metals	19 12 02
Wood	17 02 01	Mechanically Treated RDF	19 12 10
Plasterboard	17 08 02	Plasterboard	17 08 02
Bulky Waste	20 03 07	Wood	17 02 01
POPs	20 03 07	Fines	19 12 12
		Soil	17 05 04

Table 1 Waste in and Out

Sales out include Cardboard and 6F5 Recycled Aggregate

Waste Acceptance Procedures

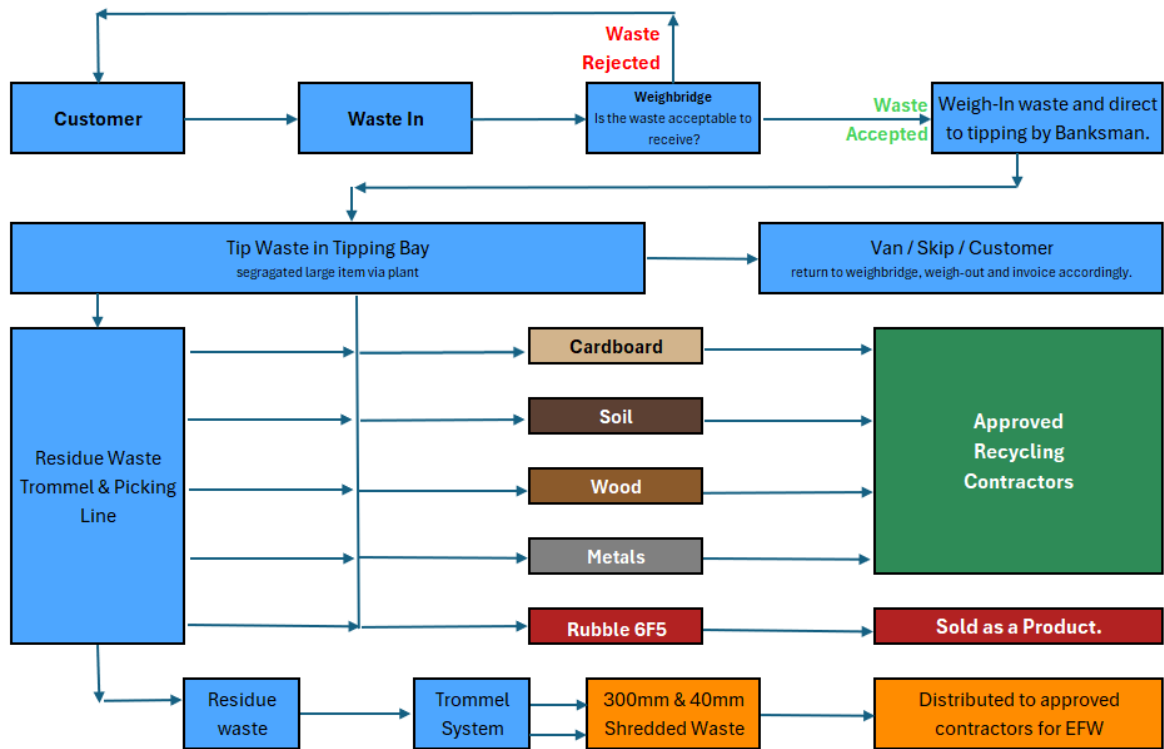


Figure 1 shows the waste acceptance procedure and, if accepted, the journey through the process to storage and its onward passage to Approved Recycling Contractors, sold as product or sent to Energy from Waste plants. The waste is inspected at two points and if found to be non-compliant, returned to the customer.

As part of Anglian’s WRAP protocol for 6F5 recycled Aggregate we have a duty to be open and transparent in our processes to ensure we meet our client’s specification. We are accessible to all clients to visit our site to see the operation at work. Clients who bring their own waste into our site, do get to see the daily operations as they tip their own waste. All visitors to the site must comply with the Health and Safety requirements whilst on site.

Anglian staff regularly visit client sites to discuss waste to be collected and delivered to ensure vehicles can access areas, collect or deliver materials and specifications are adhered to.

A large amount of construction and demolition waste arises from our own demolition sites. This involves regular meetings and conversations with site managers regarding

number of bins on site, movement of plant and types of waste to be segregated on site
i.e. Asbestos, metals, wood etc.

3. Impacts and Risks

3.1 Risk Assessments

All business risks are assessed and recorded through our Risk Assessment and Method Statements which are maintained by the Health and Safety manager. The Risk assessments are reviewed yearly or as an incident is recorded.

An example of our Risk Assessment is given below:



		RISK ASSESSMENT									
Project Title: Skip Movements		Project No:		Task/Activity: Site Transport Operations		Version No:					
Completed by:		Approved by:		Position:		Assessment date:					
Hazardous task/activity	Who may be at risk	Potential Harm	L1	S1	R1	Control Measures	L2	S2	R2	Risk Category	
Access/egress	Employees, contractors, visitors	Personal injury, fractured bones, crushing injury, death	4	5	20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pedestrian walkways and side gates. • PPE compulsory (hi-vis) • External site lighting • CCTV • 5MPH speed limit • Managerial inspections. Traffic marshals 	1	4	4	Low	
Site building or pedestrian in contact with moving vehicle.	Employees, contractors, visitors.	Personal injury, fractured bones, crushing injury, death	4	5	20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pedestrian walkways and side gates. • Vehicle route signage (one-way system) • Traffic light system • PPE compulsory (hi-vis) • External site lighting • CCTV • 5MPH speed limit • Reverse alarms and buzzers on vehicles. Managerial routine inspections. 	1	5	5	Low	

Figure 2: Example of Risk Assessment

Anglian have a Risk Assessment register which holds each numbered Risk Assessment and keeps track of the review date. There is a risk assessment for all waste operations, transport, clients, environment, vehicle movements and spillages. All aspects of fire are covered by the Fire Risk Assessment section.

Operational activities are assessed to identify environmental aspects such as:

- Dust emissions
- Noise generation
- Waste storage and containment
- Surface water contamination risks
- Fuel and oil spillages

Where potential Aspects and Impacts are identified, mitigation measures are implemented including dust suppression, controlled working hours, containment systems and spill response procedures. This is managed through our Aspects and Impact Register. An excerpt of the Risk Aspects and Impacts Register is shown below.

Activity Area	Aspect	Impacts	Normal (N), Abnormal (A), Emergency (E)	Environmental harm (1-5)	Likelihood (1-5)	Environmental Risk	Control Measures/Measures to Minimise risk or maximise opportunity	Environmental harm (1-5) / improvement (-1--5)	Likelihood (1-5)	Residual Environmental Risk	Significant Aspect? Y/N	Compliance Obligation Y/N	Responsible Person/Team
Operations -Plant -Equipment	Mobile plant, Shredders, and generator emissions.	Greenhouse effect, ocean acidification, acid rain, low level ozone, respiratory issues, particulate matter	N	3	4	12	The plant equipment, generators and mobile plant, focus on strict compliance with legislation by conducting regular servicing as per manufacturers guidelines. Daily inspection sheets are completed at the start of each working day and recorded on the R2C App. All lifting equipment is maintained in line with LOLER regulations to ensure safety and compliance. Regular record-keeping of these activities is essential for legal and operational efficiency. Mobile plant movements kept to a minimum and turned off when not in use. Trained and authorised Operators only. Spill kits available and employees trained.	2	2	4	No	N	
Operations - Waste	Waste Destination	Environmental Pollution. Greenhouse Gas Emissions. Air Pollution. Biodiversity Loss. Health Risks. Resource Wastage. Land Use.	N	3	4	12	The majority of waste is sorted and sent to approved recycling contractors. Residual waste that cannot be recycled is directed to Energy-from-Waste (EFW) facilities, where it is used to generate energy. Any remaining waste that is unsuitable for energy recovery is disposed of in landfill. Landfilling contributes to environmental issues such as eco-toxicity, greenhouse gas emissions, and odour pollution. By prioritising sorting and recycling, the volume of waste sent to landfill is significantly reduced—supporting increased material recovery and progress toward achieving zero waste to landfill.	1	1	1	Yes	N	

Figure 3: Risk Aspect and Impacts

We have also looked at climate change using the Environment Agency guidance ‘Adapting to Climate Change: Risk Assessment for your Environmental Permit’.

Whilst compiling this document we considered:

Weather and Climatic changes predicted to occur between the present day and 2050,

How changes to average climate conditions may impact on operations (e.g. extreme rainfall and waterlogging),

Critical thresholds, where a ‘tipping point’ is reached, beyond which Site processes cannot operate safely,

Where hazards may combine to cause more impacts.

The conclusions reached identified that there is a potential risk of increased dust emissions due to warmer, drier conditions, however that there is no significant impact to the site and its operations from increased winter temperatures, increasing size and intensity of rainfall events, sea level rise and increased watercourse flow.

3.2 Site Security

The Site is accessible via West Carr Road.

The Site is constantly manned during operational hours to prevent unauthorised access and is covered by CCTV during operational and non-operational hours. The northern and eastern facing boundaries have a thick tree line so there is limited access from this direction. The perimeter of the Site has security fencing to prevent unauthorised access. There is a lockable gate located at the entrance of the Site which is provided with floodlighting.

3.3 Markets

Due to the nature of our business, we have our own in house Demolition and Asbestos division which provides waste opportunities to the recycling business. We monitor market forces constantly throughout the bidding and winning of contracts. Coupled with the Skip hire side of the business this ensures diversification, and if one side of the business fails it can be supported by the others.

3.4 Technical Competence

As the business has developed over the last few years, recruiting had identified gaps in the technical competence, so we have addressed this to ensure we have the right people in the correct roles to support each department and close those gaps.

3.5 Insurance

As a SME, we need to have all the insurances required for an evolving organisation and constantly review what and who is insured and does it meet the business needs.

3.6 Waste Materials outside the terms of the permit.

We check all incoming waste to ensure we do not hold anything that is not allowed on our Permits. If this occurs the material is rejected and returned to its former location.

3.7 Non waste items

We are working closely with WRAP (Waste and Resources Action Plan) to reclassify waste brick rubble into 6F5 Recycled Aggregate. We also have WM3 certification for our RDF, and LOI testing on our fines.

4 Operational Management

4.1 Definition of Roles

From senior management to yard staff all personnel are required to be inducted into the ethos of the business. There is a defined structure to the roles, and each member is there to play his or her part. Management believes everyone is as valuable as each other to make the business work in an efficient and safe working practice.

4.2 Waste Control

Waste is controlled within the business by segregation and containment in selective bays whilst being processed. The different bays are used to hold the waste securely and are to stop dust or leaching occurring whilst waiting to be loaded on vehicles for onward recycling or sales. At all times, the management are aware of the permit rules on the amount of materials to be stored at any one time, so as not to breach those rules.

4.3 Auditing

Each load is recorded daily on waste and scrap trackers so at any point anyone can see the status of the site and what has been received and what has left. The date, Weighbridge ticket, client (not shown here), product, haulier, and net weight are all recorded.

An example of the scrap and waste trackers are shown here:

Date	Ticket Number	Product	Other	Haulier	Net Weight
02.02.2026	23543	Household Cable	Non-Ferrous	Own	0.36
02.02.2026	23547	Shearing	Non-Ferrous	Own	0.22
02.02.2026	23550	Brass	H/Copper	Own	0.05
02.02.2026	23545	Light Iron		ADA	15.59
03.02.2026	23560	Shearing		Own	2.54
03.02.2026	23564	Light Iron		Own	0.42
03.02.2026	23566	Heavy Copper		Own	0.16
03.02.2026	23572	Light Iron		Own	4.30
04.02.2026	23606	Bulky Waste		own	0.96
05.02.2026	23616	Wood		Own	0.28
05.02.2026	23622	Wood	1 x S Mattress	Own	0.40
05.02.2026	23627	Bulky Waste		Own	0.98

05.02.2026	23628	Bulky Waste		Own	0.42
06.02.2026	23639	Bulky Waste	1 x D Mattress	Own	0.90
06.02.2026	23642	Bulky Waste	1 x Sofa/Chair	Own	0.38

Also recorded, but not shown due to confidential reasons, are costs of waste tipped or transported.

Monthly meetings are held to track the waste received and waste sent out, and a full report is shared internally.

To comply with EA permits we send waste returns quarterly to the EA showing waste in and out and any hazardous materials sent out.

4.4 Resources

All the equipment required to carry out the company operations, such as shredders, conveyers, trommels and picking lines are continuously reviewed and updated where necessary to ensure we are working efficiently and getting the best value out of the waste for our clients.

4.5 Own Waste

Any waste generated within the organisation is segregated into confidential waste, cardboard and other waste. Confidential waste is bagged and sealed ready for confidential shredding off site. Cardboard is segregated and stored with other received and separated from incoming waste. Other waste is then shredded with other waste from the skips and client's waste.

4.6 Waste Transfer

Waste is sorted into different fractions stored and then loaded to leave site. There is only one transfer of waste out so no information is lost or can be inaccurately recorded.

4.7 Risks

All plant and machinery are serviced in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Operators are trained on daily, weekly and other scheduled maintenance on each resource as needed. This reduces risks of failure and loss of operational activity.

5 Competence

The management is committed to a training matrix holding the details of each member of staff and their up to date training records. Each member of staff is assessed on their ability to use the various plant and equipment. Competency testing is carried out and periodically backed up by regular toolbox talks to ensure staff are well versed in their duties.


The Environmental Permit requires the Operator to comply with “requirements of an approved competence scheme.” The Site has a Technically Competent Manager (TCM) who has successfully completed suitable qualifications provided by WAMITAB and required by the Environment Agency.

An extract of the training matrix is given below:

Oxy Fuel Cutting Course	AD Face Fit (Half Mask)	Full Face Fit Test (Quantitative)	Asbestos Non Licenced Operative CAT B-2	Non Licenced Medical (3 Year)	ARCA Licenced Operative Training	Licensed Medical (2 Year)	Safety Critical Medical (1-3 years)	First Aid	AD Inhouse Abrasive Wheels
● 18/01/2027	● 22/01/2027		● 26/03/2026	● 04/04/2027					
	● 18/03/2027		● 26/03/2026	● 02/01/2027			● 20/06/2028	● 04/12/2026	
● 18/01/2027	● 09/09/2027		● 26/03/2026	● 16/01/2028	● 14/10/2026	● 14/10/2026		● 23/02/2028	
● 09/07/2028	● 17/03/2027			18/10/2026					
● 09/07/2028	● 18/07/2026	● 10/10/2026		13/08/2028	● 14/10/2026	● 20/10/2027		● 09/06/2028	
	● 07/01/2026	● 11/10/2026					● 28/11/2026	● 04/09/2027	
● 09/07/2028	● 19/11/2027		● 18/09/2026	● 03/12/2028			● 02/05/2027	● 09/06/2026	13/01/2028
● 09/07/2028	● 01/04/2027		● 31/03/2026	● 10/04/2028					● 01/04/2026
	● 11/08/2026		● 10/11/2026	● 23/04/2027					
				● 13/01/2028				● 04/12/2026	
	● 13/06/2027		● 26/03/2026	● 22/01/2028				● 10/07/2026	
	14/11/2027		● 10/11/2026	23/04/2027			● 17/07/2026	● 01/07/2026	● 01/03/2027
	● 18/03/2027			● 01/08/2028			● 03/02/2027		● 09/11/2027
	● 01/07/2027		● 10/11/2026	● 13/01/2028			● 15/11/2027		● 11/12/2027
	● 18/07/2026		● 26/03/2026	● 09/04/2028			● 21/11/2027	● 29/11/2026	● 19/11/2027
● 18/01/2027	● 01/07/2027		● 10/11/2026	● 02/07/2028			● 05/12/2026		
	● 13/06/2027			● 18/06/2028			● 04/04/2028		

Figure 3: Training matrix

An example of our competency testing is shown below. This is used to identify training needs and competency in tasks throughout the workforce. Once completed on an individual task a certificate is issued to prove the staff member has completed the training and is competent in the given task.

Anglian Demolition Ltd - Competency Training		Document No.:	
	Employee:		Revision No.: 1
	Competent Person:		Issued Date: 22 nd Jan 26
	Equipment:	Generator & Picking Line	Author:

Introduction:

H&S is a legal requirement for all personnel, and it is company policy to ensure all employees are given sufficient information, instruction, and training to enable them to carry out their duties safely and with minimum risk to themselves and others who may be affected by our activities.

Competency / Operation:	(Demonstrated Competency = ✓)
Has the employee demonstrated the ability to complete the daily check?	
Observe the employee completing all required checks, recording any defects clearly in writing, signing and dating the form, and submitting the correct form in line with site procedures.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Has the employee demonstrated how to check/replenish levels of lubricants/fuels (Generator)?	
Ensure the employee checks oil, coolant and fuel, using gauges/dipsticks, and tops up using the correct products. Confirm appropriate PPE is worn and spill prevention and environmental controls are followed.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Is the employee aware of the daily maintenance tasks for the Generator & Picking Line?	
Confirm the employee understands routine tasks such as greasing where applicable, cleaning of guards, walkways, vents, sensors, belts, and emergency stop areas to maintain safe operation and visibility.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Does the employee understand how to seek assistance when faced with problematic situations?	
Ask the employee to describe the escalation process, including who to report to and what actions to take in the event of breakdowns, blockages, power loss, unusual noise, vibration, or unsafe conditions.	<input type="checkbox"/>
Is the employee aware of whom to report defects and faults to?	
Confirm that the employee knows the correct person or department to report equipment defects to (e.g. site supervisor, maintenance team) and understands the reporting method (verbal report and written defect form).	<input type="checkbox"/>

Figure 4 Competency Form

Anglian Demolition Ltd

Certification of Training and Competency in

Generator & Picking Line Operations

Vacant

I hereby certify I have assessed the above-named employee and confirm they have received the necessary training and instruction. They have demonstrated the required competency to safely operate the Generator and Picking Line in accordance with operational and safety standards.

Signature: _____	Signature: _____
Name of Competent Person: Yard Supervisor	Approved By: IOSH
Date: 22 nd January 2026	Head of Waste

Figure 5: Certificate of Competency

6 Corrective, preventive and improvement actions

Compliance is central to the ethos of the business, from senior management through to the TCM, Health and Safety Manager and various other roles. The transport manager checks vehicle tax, MOT and service schedules along with driver records and CPC requirements.

The TCM is responsible for waste data, specifications and quality standards for material sent out for further recycling and sales.

All systems are reviewed regularly to check for compliance and if a need is highlighted, corrective actions are put in place. A four-step management method of Plan - Do - Check – Act is used to make sure we are fully compliant and efficient in all our working practises.

The following table describes the objectives and targets for the company’s improvement action plan.

Objective	Target
Site Supervisor	IOSH Managing Safely 2026
Director / Waste Manager	WAMITAB COTC 4 2027
Training Matrix	Review / Update due to new staff by end 2026
Monthly Budget meeting	Senior Managers and Heads of Department. Started Jan 2026
Skip Track Software	Update to V2 and Cloud base 2026
Review Site FPP	In line with new business objectives 2026

Table 2: Improvement Plan

7. Performance Review

7.1 The weighbridge software is used to track waste in and out and can produce daily, monthly or yearly reports for the business.

Performance summary	period 01/04/2025 to 31.03.2026	Total tonnes
Total material inputs this period Waste used/retained on site this period e.g. for engineering purposes		19069
Waste remaining on site at end of this period (unprocessed)		3047
Waste remaining on site at end of this period (processed)		0
Total waste remaining on site at end of this period		3047
Waste sent offsite for reuse/repair this period		0
Waste sent offsite for recycling this period		11760
Waste sent offsite for energy recovery this period		3137
Qualifying fines		
Non-qualifying fines		0
Materials sent offsite as non-waste this period e.g. end of waste		1125
Waste sent off for disposal (incineration without energy recovery)		0
Waste sent off for disposal to landfill		0
Total materials sent off site this period		16022

Table 1; Performance Summary

All Waste i.e. Wood, RDF, Metals, Cardboard, Plasterboard and Fines are all send to either energy from waste plants or other recycling centres, no waste is landfilled so out Landfill Diversion Rate is 100%. Our material recovery rate is also 100%.

Landfill diversion and material recovery rates are not verified for materials sent to an organisation that does not conform to the requirements of PAS402.

7.2 Annual recovery and disposal tonnages

The below table show where the waste has come from and where it goes to for recycling or recovery.

Incoming LOW codes and description	Incoming tonnage	Outgoing LOW/ EWC recovery / disposal code and description	Outgoing tonnage	Waste stream	Destination treatment description
wood 17 02 01	222	Wood 17 02 01	1852	Wood	Use as Biomass fuel
Mixed Skips 17 09 04	1630				
Mixed Construction	154	RDF 19 12 10	1285	RDF	Use as Biomass fuel
Mixed Skips 17 09 04	1131				
General waste 19 12 12	75.5	General waste 19 12 12	454.5	Waste	Recycling
Mixed Skips 17 09 04	379				
Mixed Construction	32	Trommel Fines	266	Fines	Recycling
Mixed Skips 17 09 04	234	19 12 12			
Mixed Construction	355	40 mm Mechanically	403	40 mm	Recycling
Mixed Skips 17 09 04	48	Treated			
Bulky Waste 20 03 07	349	Bulky Waste 20 03 07	397	POPs	Recycling
Mixed Skips 20 03 07	48				
Tyres 16 01 03	15	Tyres 16 01 03	17	Tyres	Recycling
Mixed Skips 17 09 04	2				
Plastics 17 02 03		Plastic 17 02 03	3	Plastic	Recycling
Yard	3				
Brick Rubble 17 01 02	289	Recycled Aggregate	2410	6F5	Construction
Mixed Skips 17 09 04	2121				
Cardboard 20 01 01	12	Cardboard 20 01 01	101	Cardboard	Recycling
Mixed Skips 17 09 04	89				
Greenwaste 20 02 01	3	Greenwaste 20 02 01	28	Biodegradable	Composting
Mixed Skips 17 09 04	25				
Plasterboard 17 08 02	15	Plasterboard 17 08 02	129	Plasterboard	Recycling
Mixed Skips 17 09 04	114				
Soil 17 05 04	15	Soil 17 05 04	121	Soil	Agriculture
Mixed Skips 17 09 04	106				
Non-Ferrous Metal	18	Non-Ferrous Mix	136	Metal	Recycling
Metal Skips 19 10 02	118	19 10 02			
Household cable	8	Hazardous Waste	13	Cable	Recycling
Metal Skips 19 12 02	5				
Light Iron	4939	Iron & Steel 19 12 02	8157	Metal	Recycling
Shearing	3218				
Batteries (Lead / Acid)	7.5	Hazardous Waste	7.5	Batteries	Recycling
16 06 01					
Stainless Steel	45	Stainless Steel 17 04 05	45	Metal	Recycling

17 04 05					
Electric motors	7	Motors 19 10 02	7	Motors	Recycling
19 10 02					
Aluminium	114	Aluminium 17 04 02	190	Aluminium	Recycling
Metal Skips 17 04 02	76				

Table 2: Annual recovery and disposal tonnages

7.3 Material processed per waste hierarchy category

Waste Hierarchy category	Annual %
Reuse	0
Repair	0
Recycle	79
Energy recovery	21
Landfill Cover	0
Disposal	0

Table 3: Materials processed by hierarchy category

Table 3 shows the percentage of material processed by Anglian for each waste hierarchy category.

Annex 1: Waste permit with LoW waste codes accepted.

Schedule 2 – Waste types

Table 22.1 Permitted Waste types and quantities for the storage and treatment of scrap metal.	
Maximum Quantities	The total quantity of waste accepted at the site shall be less than 162,000 tonnes a year. The total quantity of waste accepted at the site for the above activity shall be less than 75,000 tonnes a year.
Exclusions	Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted: Consisting solely or mainly of dusts, powders or loose fibres Wastes that are in a form which is either sludge or liquid
Waste Code	Description
02	WASTES FROM AGRICULTURE, HORTICULTURE, AQUACULTURE, FORESTRY, HUNTING AND FISHING, FOOD PREPARATION AND PROCESSING
02 01	wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing
02 01 10	waste metal
12	WASTES FROM SHAPING AND PHYSICAL AND MECHANICAL SURFACE TREATMENT OF METALS AND PLASTICS
12 01	wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics
12 01 01	ferrous metal filings and turnings
12 01 03	non-ferrous metal filings and turnings
15	WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
15 01	packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste)
15 01 04	metallic packaging
16	WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST
16 01	end-of-life vehicles from different means of transport (including off-road machinery) and waste from dismantling of end-of-life vehicles and vehicle maintenance (except 13, 14, 16 06 and 16 08)
16 01 05	end-of-life vehicles containing neither liquids nor other hazardous components
16 01 17	ferrous metal
16 01 18	non-ferrous metal
16 01 21*	hazardous vehicle components – catalytic converters containing RCF melting
16 01 22	components not otherwise specified
16 08	batteries and accumulators
16 08 01*	lead batteries
17	CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION WASTES (INCLUDING EXCAVATED SOIL FROM CONTAMINATED SITES)
17 04	metals (including their alloys)

Permit number
EPR/FB3303U/NN002

15

Table S2.1 Permitted Waste types and quantities for the storage and treatment of scrap metal.	
Maximum Quantities	The total quantity of waste accepted at the site shall be less than 162,000 tonnes a year. The total quantity of waste accepted at the site for the above activity shall be less than 75,000 tonnes a year.
Exclusions	Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted: Consisting solely or mainly of dusts, powders or loose fibres Wastes that are in a form which is either sludge or liquid
Waste Code	Description
17 04 01	copper, bronze, brass
17 04 02	aluminium
17 04 03	lead
17 04 04	zinc
17 04 05	iron and steel
17 04 06	tin
17 04 07	mixed metals
17 04 11	cables other than those mentioned in 17 04 10
18	WASTES FROM WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITIES, OFF-SITE WASTE WATER TREATMENT PLANTS AND THE PREPARATION OF WATER INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION AND WATER FOR INDUSTRIAL USE
18 01	wastes from incineration or pyrolysis of waste
18 01 02	ferrous materials removed from bottom ash
18 10	wastes from shredding of metal-containing wastes
18 10 01	iron and steel waste
18 10 02	non-ferrous wastes
18 12	wastes from the mechanical treatment of waste (for example sorting, crushing, compacting, palletising) not otherwise specified
18 12 02	ferrous metal
18 12 03	non-ferrous metal
20	MUNICIPAL WASTES (HOUSEHOLD WASTE AND SIMILAR COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL WASTES) INCLUDING SEPARATELY COLLECTED FRACTIONS
20 01	separately collected fractions (except 18 01)
20 01 33*	batteries and accumulators included in 18 06 01, 18 06 02 or 18 06 03 and unsorted batteries and accumulators containing these batteries
20 01 34	nickel metal hydride and lithium-ion vehicle batteries only
20 01 40	metals

Table 82.2 Permitted waste types and quantities for the storage, depollution and dismantling of end-of-life vehicles	
Maximum Quantities	The total quantity of waste accepted at the site shall be less than 152,000 tonnes a year. The total quantity of waste accepted at the site for the above activity shall be less than 2,000 tonnes a year.
Waste code	Description
16	WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST
16 01	end-of-life vehicles from different means of transport (including off-road machinery) and wastes from dismantling of end-of-life vehicles and vehicle maintenance (except 13, 14, 16 06 and 16 08)
16 01 03	end of life tyres
16 01 04*	end-of-life vehicles
16 01 08	end-of-life vehicles (containing neither liquids nor other hazardous components)
16 01 07*	oil filters
16 01 11*	brake pads containing asbestos
16 01 12	brake pads other than those mentioned in 16 01 11
16 06	batteries and accumulators
16 06 01*	lead batteries
16 06 06	other batteries and accumulators

Table 82.3 Permitted waste types and quantities for storage, transfer and treatment of non-hazardous construction and demolition types wastes.	
Maximum Quantities	The total quantity of waste accepted at the site shall be less than 152,000 tonnes a year. The total quantity of waste accepted at the site for the above activity shall be less than 75,000 tonnes a year.
Waste code	Description
17	Construction and demolition wastes (including excavated soil from contaminated sites)
17 01	concrete, bricks, tile and ceramics
17 01 01	concrete
17 01 02	bricks
17 01 03	tile and ceramics
17 01 07	mixture of concrete, bricks, tile and ceramics other than those mentioned in 17 01 06
17	Construction and demolition wastes (including excavated soil from contaminated sites)
17 02	wood, glass and plastic
17 02 01	wood
17 02 02	glass
17 02 03	plastic
17 03	bituminous mixtures, coal tar and tarred products

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17 03 02	bituminous mixtures other than those mentioned in 17 03 01
17 05	soil (including excavated soil from contaminated sites), stones and dredging spoil
17 05 04	soil and stones other than those mentioned in 17 05 03
17 05 06	track ballast other than those mentioned in 17 05 07
17 06	insulation materials and asbestos-containing construction materials
17 06 04	insulation materials other than those mentioned in 17 06 01 and 17 06 03
17 08	gypsum-based construction material
17 08 02	gypsum-based construction materials other than those mentioned in 17 08 01
17 09	other construction and demolition wastes
17 09 04	mixed construction and demolition wastes other than those mentioned in 17 09 01, 17 09 02 and 17 09 03
18	Wastes from waste management facilities, off-site waste water treatment plants and the preparation of water intended for human consumption and water for industrial use
18 12	wastes from the mechanical treatment of waste (for example sorting, crushing, compacting, pelleting) not otherwise specified
18 12 12	other wastes (including mixtures of materials) from mechanical treatment of waste other than those mentioned in 18 12 11
20	Municipal wastes (household waste and similar commercial, industrial and institutional wastes) including separately collected fractions
20 03	other municipal wastes
20 03 07	bulky waste